

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY 9701/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice May/June 2019

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

Data Booklet

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

Electronic calculators may be used.

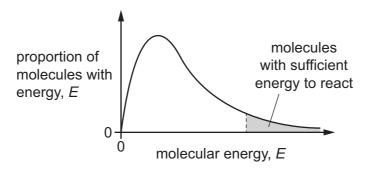


Section A

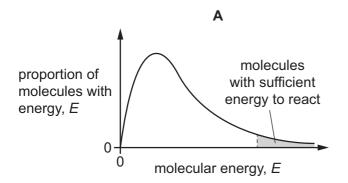
For each question there are four possible answers, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider to be correct.

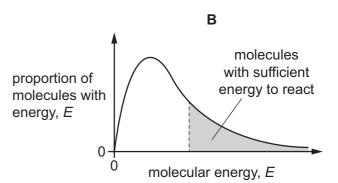
Use of the Data Booklet may be appropriate for some questions.

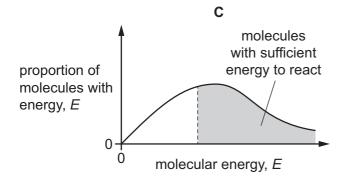
1 The Boltzmann distribution of molecular energies in a sample of aqueous hydrogen peroxide at room temperature is shown.

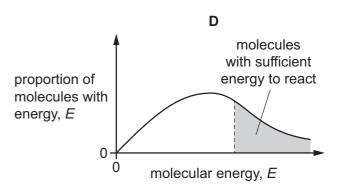


Which diagram shows the Boltzmann distribution of molecular energies of aqueous hydrogen peroxide maintained at room temperature when a catalyst, manganese(IV) oxide, is added?









2 Oxygen has three stable isotopes, ¹⁶O, ¹⁷O and ¹⁸O. All three isotopes are present in a sample of oxygen gas, O₂, which was analysed using a mass spectrometer.

How many peaks associated with the O_2^+ ion would be expected?

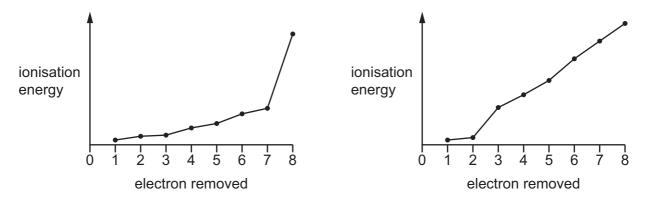
A 3

B 5

C 6

D 9

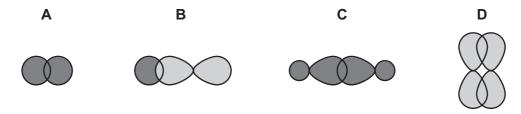
3 The first eight successive ionisation energies for two elements of Period 3 of the Periodic Table are shown in the graphs.



What is the formula of the ionic compound formed from these elements?

- A MgC l_2
- **B** CaBr₂
- C Na₂S
- D K₂Se
- **4** A σ bond is made between two carbon atoms in a molecule of ethene.

Which diagram shows the orbital overlap that occurs to form this bond?



5 The table shows some properties of four substances.

Which substance could be potassium iodide?

	melting point of solid/°C	electrical conductivity when molten
Α	-66	poor
В	– 39	good
С	680	good
D	1600	poor

X, Y and Z are all gases that behave ideally and react according to the equation shown.

When 3.0 mol of X and 3.0 mol of Y are placed inside a container with a volume of 1.0 dm³, they react to form the maximum amount of Z.

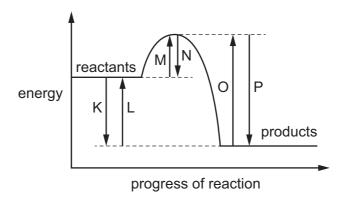
The final temperature of the reaction vessel is 120 °C.

What is the final pressure inside the reaction vessel?

A $4.49 \times 10^{6} Pa$

6

- **B** $9.80 \times 10^{6} \text{ Pa}$
- **C** $1.47 \times 10^7 \text{ Pa}$
- **D** $1.96 \times 10^7 \, \text{Pa}$
- 7 Which pair of substances are both simple molecular?
 - **A** C₆₀ and graphene
 - **B** C₆₀ and iodine
 - **C** graphene and graphite
 - **D** graphite and iodine
- **8** A reaction pathway diagram is shown.



Which row is correct?

	enthalpy change of the forward reaction	activation energy of the reverse reaction
Α	К	М
В	К	0
С	L	0
D	Р	M

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5

9 X is either chlorine or an oxide of chlorine.

X reacts with water, under suitable conditions, to form the two acids HCl and $HClO_3$ in the mole ratio of 1 ($HClO_3$).

What could be X?

- A Cl_2
- **B** Cl_2O
- \mathbf{C} ClO_2
- **D** Cl_2O_7

10 Ethyl ethanoate undergoes the following reaction.

$$CH_3CO_2C_2H_5 + H_2O \implies C_2H_5OH + CH_3CO_2H$$
 $K_c = 0.27$

Equal amounts of ethanoic acid and ethanol were mixed together and allowed to reach equilibrium.

At equilibrium, the concentrations of both ethanoic acid and ethanol were 0.42 mol dm⁻³.

What is the concentration of ethyl ethanoate at equilibrium?

- \mathbf{A} 0.22 mol dm⁻³
- **B** 0.65 mol dm⁻³
- \mathbf{C} 0.81 mol dm⁻³
- **D** $1.54 \, \text{mol dm}^{-3}$

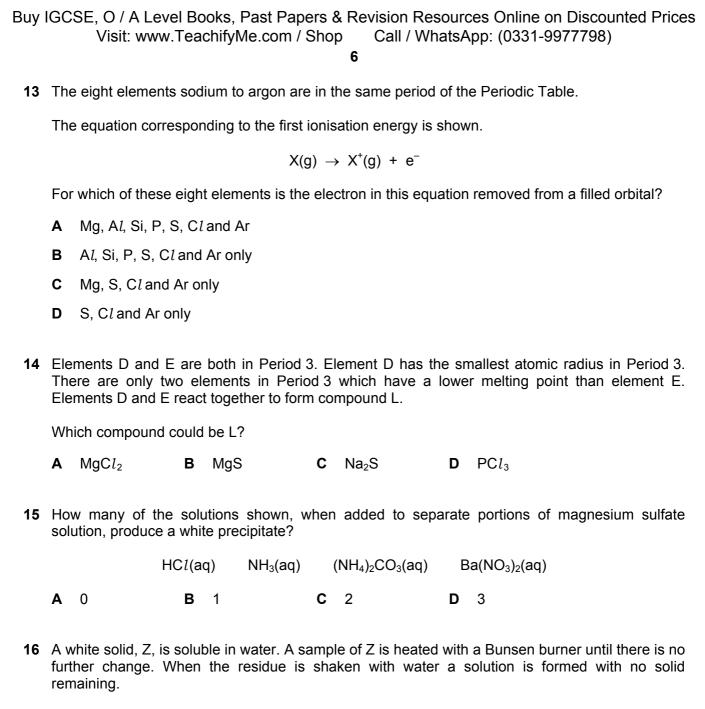
11 Which row is an example of heterogeneous catalysis?

	reaction	catalyst
Α	esterification	sulfuric acid
В	the Contact process	divanadium pentoxide
С	destruction of the ozone layer	chlorine radicals
D	atmospheric formation of sulfur trioxide	nitrogen dioxide

12 Element Q readily oxidises in air. The oxide produced reacts with water to form a solution of very low pH.

Where could element Q be found in the Periodic Table?

	period	group
Α	2	1
В	2	14
С	3	14
D	3	15



What could Z be?

 $\textbf{A} \quad \text{MgCO}_3 \qquad \qquad \textbf{B} \quad \text{Mg(NO}_3)_2 \qquad \qquad \textbf{C} \quad \text{BaCO}_3 \qquad \qquad \textbf{D} \quad \text{Ba(NO}_3)_2$

17 An excess of chlorine was bubbled into 100 cm³ of hot 6.0 mol dm⁻³ sodium hydroxide.

How many moles of sodium chloride would be produced in the reaction?

A 0.3 **B** 0.5 **C** 0.6 **D** 1.2

18 Ammonium sulfate, (NH₄)₂SO₄, and ammonium nitrate, NH₄NO₃, are used as fertilisers.

These salts have different percentages by mass of nitrogen. They have the same effect as each other on the pH of wet neutral soil.

Which row is correct?

	higher percentage of nitrogen by mass	effect on pH of soil
Α	ammonium nitrate	decrease
В	ammonium nitrate	increase
С	ammonium sulfate	decrease
D	ammonium sulfate	increase

19 Which reaction gives a product that is an atmospheric pollutant causing acid rain?

A
$$3Mg(s) + SO_2(g) \rightarrow MgS(s) + 2MgO(s)$$

B
$$(NH_4)_2SO_4(s) + Ca(OH)_2(s) \rightarrow 2NH_3(g) + CaSO_4(s) + 2H_2O(l)$$

C
$$2MnO_4^-(aq) + 5SO_2(g) + 2H_2O(I) \rightarrow 2Mn^{2+}(aq) + 4H^+(aq) + 5SO_4^{2-}(aq)$$

$$\textbf{D} \quad 2\text{FeSO}_4(s) \, \rightarrow \, \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3(s) \, + \, \text{SO}_2(g) \, + \, \text{SO}_3(g)$$

20 3-methylbut-1-ene can undergo different types of reaction.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ \hline & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Which row correctly identifies the reaction types?

	reaction 1	reaction 2
Α	oxidation	electrophilic addition
В	oxidation	nucleophilic addition
С	reduction	electrophilic addition
D	reduction	nucleophilic addition

21 Compound X does **not** show cis-trans isomerism.

What could be the identity of compound X?

- A 1,1,2-trichloropropene
- **B** 1,2,3-trichloropropene
- C 1-chlorobut-1-ene
- D 1-chlorobut-2-ene
- 22 The diagram shows the repeat unit of an addition polymer.

What is the correct name for the monomer that would form this polymer?

- A cis-1,2-diethyl-1,2-dimethylethene
- B cis-2-ethyl-3-methylpent-2-ene
- **C** trans-2-ethyl-3-methylpent-2-ene
- **D** trans-3,4-dimethylhex-3-ene

23 A molecule of geraniol is shown.

geraniol

What is formed when geraniol is reacted with an excess of cold, dilute, acidified manganate (VII) ions?

24 Alcohol W **cannot** be made by reducing a carboxylic acid with LiA*l*H₄. Alcohol W gives only one product when dehydrated with concentrated sulfuric acid.

What could be the identity of W?

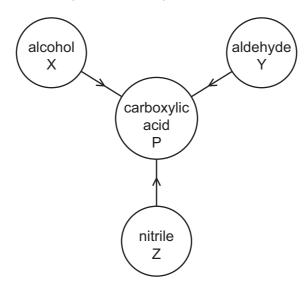
- A butan-1-ol
- B butan-2-ol
- C propan-1-ol
- **D** propan-2-ol
- 25 Which product can be made from bromoethane by an elimination reaction?
 - A ethanol
 - **B** ethene
 - C ethylamine
 - **D** propanenitrile

26 Propene, bromine and hydrogen bromide are mixed in the dark.

A number of products are formed, some in very small quantities.

Which substance will **not** be present in the mixture of products?

- A 1-bromopropane
- B 2-bromopropane
- C 1,1-dibromopropane
- **D** 1,2-dibromopropane
- 27 Which reagent could be used to distinguish between ethanal and propanal?
 - A 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine
 - **B** $I_2/NaOH(aq)$
 - \mathbf{C} K₂Cr₂O₇/H₂SO₄(aq)
 - **D** Tollens' reagent
- 28 The diagram shows that a carboxylic acid P may be formed from X, Y or Z.



Which row is correct?

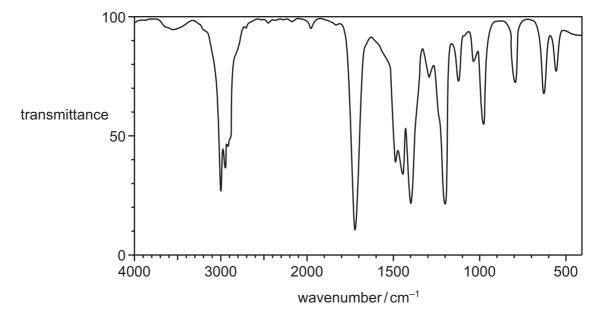
	alcohol X is	the change in M_r is greatest for
Α	primary	Y to P
В	primary	Z to P
С	secondary	Y to P
D	secondary	Z to P

29 One molecule of compound R is shown.

What is the name of compound R and how does its boiling point compare with that of butanoic acid?

	name of R	boiling point of R
Α	methyl propanoate	higher than butanoic acid
В	methyl propanoate	lower than butanoic acid
С	propyl methanoate	higher than butanoic acid
D	propyl methanoate	lower than butanoic acid

30 The diagram shows the infra-red spectrum of Q.



What could be Q?

- A butan-1-ol
- B butanoic acid
- **C** butanone
- **D** 3-hydroxybutanal

Section B

For each of the questions in this section, one or more of the three numbered statements 1 to 3 may be correct.

Decide whether each of the statements is or is not correct (you may find it helpful to put a tick against the statements that you consider to be correct).

The responses A to D should be selected on the basis of

Α	В	С	D
1, 2 and 3 are correct	1 and 2 only are correct	2 and 3 only are correct	1 only is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

Use of the Data Booklet may be appropriate for some questions.

31 When O_2 reacts with H_2S the products are SO_2 and H_2O .

Mixture Y contains an equal number of the two molecules shown, and **no other molecules**.

$${}_{8}^{16}O = {}_{8}^{18}O$$
 ${}_{1}^{1}H - {}_{16}^{32}S - {}_{1}^{1}H$

Which statements about Y are correct?

- 1 The average M_r in Y is 34.
- 2 If some oxygen molecules are removed from Y, the average M_r of the mixture remains the same.
- **3** When mixture Y is ignited, some H₂S remains unreacted.
- 32 Which statements about an atom of ⁹⁹Tc are correct?
 - 1 It has 13 fewer protons than neutrons.
 - 2 It forms ⁹⁹Tc²⁺ which has 45 electrons.
 - 3 It has 56 nucleons.
- **33** In which reactions are nitrogen atoms reduced?
 - 1 $2NO_2 \rightarrow N_2 + 2O_2$
 - $2 \quad 4NO_2 \rightarrow 2N_2O + 3O_2$
 - 3 $4NO_2 + 6H_2O \rightarrow 4NH_3 + 7O_2$

34 The manufacture of ammonia from nitrogen and hydrogen is an important industrial process.

Which of the following would leave the equilibrium constant, K_p , for the formation of ammonia unchanged?

- 1 addition of an iron catalyst
- 2 addition of ammonia
- 3 an increase in pressure
- 35 Which reactions involving calcium and its compounds produce two gaseous products?
 - 1 heating solid anhydrous calcium nitrate
 - 2 heating solid anhydrous calcium carbonate
 - 3 adding calcium metal to water
- **36** A small quantity of hot, concentrated sulfuric acid is added separately to solid samples of potassium halides, KX.

Which potassium halides react and produce a mixture of products that include a halogen, X₂?

- 1 potassium iodide
- 2 potassium bromide
- 3 potassium chloride
- 37 The diagram shows a compound used as a flame retardant.

Which statements about this structure are correct?

- 1 The empirical formula is C_2H_3Br .
- 2 The C_{12} ring is not planar.
- 3 There are six chiral carbon atoms.

The responses A to D should be selected on the basis of

Α	В	С	D
1, 2 and 3 are correct	1 and 2 only are correct	2 and 3 only are correct	1 only is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

38 Halogenoalkanes can be hydrolysed using aqueous sodium hydroxide.

Which compounds tend to be hydrolysed by an S_N1 mechanism?

- 1 CH₃CH₂CC*l*(CH₃)CH₂CH₃
- 2 CH₃CH₂CBr(CH₃)CH₂CH₃
- 3 CH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)CH₂CH₂Br
- **39** In an organic synthesis, a 62% yield of product is achieved.

Which conversions are consistent with this information?

- 1 74.00 g of butan-2-ol \rightarrow 44.64 g of butanone
- **2** 74.00 g of butan-1-ol \rightarrow 54.56 g of butanoic acid
- 3 74.00 g of 2-methylpropan-1-ol \rightarrow 54.56 g of 2-methylpropanoic acid
- **40** An oxidising agent that can oxidise ethanal to ethanoic acid or ethanoate ions will also oxidise methanoic acid, HCO₂H, to carbon dioxide and water.

Which reagents, on heating, will react differently with HCO₂H and CH₃CO₂H?

- 1 $Na_2CO_3(aq)$
- 2 Fehling's reagent
- 3 dilute acidified KMnO₄

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